

- i) The application is flawed in that it claims to contribute to the UK's Net Zero ambitions but a full lifecycle assessment has not been undertaken considering the sourcing and transportation of components, loss of agricultural productive land and local biodiversity impacts.
- ii) Alternative methods of generating solar energy from rooftop installations and use of brownfield land should be taken into consideration in the process. These are a far better infrastructure solution than damaging open landscapes.
- iii) The situation of the Mallard Pass project is at some distance from large users of electricity or conurbations. Loss of electric current along transmission lines will reduce the effectiveness of a large solar farm at this site